

IE531 Linear Programming HW4

(due : 2018/04/30, Mon), in class

1. (a) Let $P = \{x \in \mathcal{R}^n : Ax = b, x \geq 0\}$, where A is an $m \times n$ matrix of rank m . Show that y defines an extreme ray of P (i.e., extreme ray of the recession cone of P) if and only if y is a positive multiple of the vector (x_B, x_N) , where $A = \begin{bmatrix} B & N \end{bmatrix}$ and B is $m \times m$ invertible, and $x_B = -B^{-1}A_j \geq 0$, x_N is a unit vector with the 1 in the position corresponding to column A_j of N .

- (b) Illustrate part (a) by the following system:

$$\begin{aligned} -x_1 + x_2 + x_3 &= 2 \\ -x_1 + 2x_2 + x_4 &= 6 \\ x_j &\geq 0 \text{ for all } j. \end{aligned}$$

2. Show that a convex cone K has at most one extreme point, namely the origin.

3. Solve the linear program

$$\begin{aligned} \max \quad & x_1 + x_2 \\ & -x_1 + x_2 \leq 1 \\ & x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 4 \\ & x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

using Fourier-Motzkin elimination.

4. Show that $\{x \in \mathcal{R}^n : Ax = b, x \geq 0\} \neq \emptyset$ is bounded if and only if $Ax = 0$ and $x \geq 0$ imply $x = 0$.

5. Text Chapter 2, #1.